ready now as at any time in the past to fight for what they conceive to be the rights of the poorer classes of the people. To them this war means something more than a changing of presidents and office holders. However crude their logic, or brusk their methods, they stand for the oppressed peon. Nor are they likely to lay down their arms so long as there is the slightest doubt regarding the good faith of those holding political power. General Carranza has been as shifty with Villa and Zapata as he has been with the United States, and they, lacking Mr. Wilson's patience, have declared he must go. And go he will.

Q,

A marked distinction will be noted between the Mexican war and the war in Europe in its effect upon the people. In Europe great suffering has come upon the poorer classes, among whom many are actually starving to death. The rich, on the contrary, have suffered little, beyond a reduction in income. In Mexico, however, the poor have suffered comparatively little from the war, while the rich have been plundered. One cause for this difference is the fact that the peon was already living at the point of bare subsistance. Any change was sure to bring relief. The rich, however, had been so oppressive that despoiling them seemed the simplest form of justice. The question now seems to be to find a man who will set up an administration in favor of the mass of the people, the peon poor. This connot be done except at the expense of the beneficiaries of the present system, and they are not going to relinquish their hold until they are compelled to do so. Had the United States or any other country used force to restore order in Mexico, it would have meant nothing less than the restoration of this class to power, with another revolution at the earliest opportunity. As it is, the people have been able to make a new estimate of each other. The privileged class now knows the peons can and will fight, and the peons know their oppressors can be whipped. It may be some time yet before peace and order are finally restored in Mexico; for they cannot come till justice has been established. S. C. .

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Woman's Cause is Marching.

In spite of the preliminary reports of mischiefmaking correspondents the National American Woman Suffrage Association convention in Nashville, Tennessee, passed off in a quiet and orderly manner that would serve as an example for almost any male convention of like importance. Those timid old ladies of both sexes who fear that politics will unsex women should bear in mind that the suffrage movement to the mass of the women now actively interested is very new. The women have not yet found themselves. They have all the zeal of the neophite, but lack the discretion of the disciples. They have not yet mastered the art of being discrete in the presence of reporters; for these degenerate sons—and perhaps daughters—of Anak had rather report one fight than twenty peaceful programs. But in spite of careless talk in the presence of reporters, the wiser heads steered the convention free of rocks and snags, out upon another year's work.

It is not for mere man to congratulate or commisserate the Association upon its choice of officers; but if the movement for equal suffrage makes as rapid headway during the coming year as it did during the past year the members may well congratulate each other. The fight, indeed, is really won; all that remains is for a few old fogy States to write into their statutes what is already in their minds. Every solitary objection that the antis ever had has been met in theory and overcome in It is merely that the mossbacks may practice. conserve their dignity that they delay. They do not like to be hurried-particularly by the women. The great thing now to do, and it will be a difficult feat to accomplish, is for the friends of equal rights to keep their faces straight and refrain from undue merriment while the anties climb down. The world has produced many funny things, but it is doubtful if it ever brought forth anything else quite so funny as the man who seriously claimed the vote for himself and denied it to woman. It is to be hoped that he will not realize all at once what a colossal joke he has been, lest he die with laughter. 8. C.

The Cause of Crime.

The theory which traces crime to feeble-mindedness, and declares criminals to be mainly morons, does not seem proven by the experience of Judge W. M. Gemmill of Chicago's Municipal Court. He is reported to have said:

They try to tell us that criminals are morons. One of the doctors who is supposed to be famous because he studied at a German university said 85 per cent of the criminals are feeble-minded. Bosh! It isn't true. I've had 30,000 in my court. They're not feeble-minded; they're just like you and me. The difficulty is they haven't moral courage or were'nt given the proper education. There is no criminal class. The problem of crime is largely one of environment.

Yet, in the course of the same speech, after

