throws luster on the Jewish race," said Rabbi Moses. "Are we to disclaim him because we feel that he was not entirely in sympathy with certain forms and ceremonies? It is to our best interests to claim him as our own." The conference was rebuked at a later session by Rabbi Stephen Wise of New York, especially for its attitude toward the palliative measures. Dr. Wise said: "What you want us to do is to cater to the wealthy employers of labor who so largely support the synagogue. You are afraid of what the rich may say if we take a stand for social and economic justice. You quote the scripture that 'Justice, justice, shalt thou pursue,' but you are afraid to practice what you preach."

The Labor War.

The sentence of Bouck White to six months at Biackwell's Island was affirmed on June 22 by Judge Malone, in the General Sessions Court. Mayor Mitchell was reported to have announced that he would not interfere by granting a pardon. [See current volume, page 492.]

In one branch of the Westinghouse Company at Pittsburgh, the switch and signal department, the demands of the strikers were granted after a conference on June 23, with the exception of the eight-hour day which both sides agreed to submit to arbitration. The men decided to return to work in this department. In other departments the strike still remains unsettled.

An incident of the internecine fight in the miners' union at Butte was a murderous assault on Mayor Duncan on July 3. The Mayor was compelled to kill his assailant in self defense.

Investigation proceeds in Chicago of blackmailing tactics by some business agents of the unions. The investigation has not yet resulted in any indictments, or in any libel charge against the newspapers which have published names of certain agents and plainly charged them with blackmail.

Bomb Explosion in New York.

The explosion of a bomb in a tenement house at 1626 Lexington Avenue, New York City, on July 4 killed Arthur Caron, Carl Hanson, Charles Berg and Marie Chavez, all said to be members of the I. W. W. No satisfactory evidence has yet been produced as to who is responsible for either the bomb or the explosion. A theory reported by the press that the bomb had been made by the victims and was intended to be carried by them twenty miles to Tarrytown to be used against the Rocke-

fellers remains so far a theory unsupported by evidence.

Reactionaries Defeated in Pueblo.

The proposition submitted by the public service corporations and other reactionary elements of Pueblo, Colorado, to abandon the commission form of government and revert to the old mayor and council system, was defeated at the election on June 30. The vote was 5219 to 1689. Had the proposition carried the act of last November providing local singletax would have been automatically repealed, as would all other policies which can under the law be undertaken only by commission-governed cities. [See current volume, page 591.]

Illinois Senatorial Situation.

Raymond Robins of Chicago announced on July 3 that he will be a candidate for the Progressive party nomination for United States Senator from Illinois. An unauthorized statement regarding John Z. White has appeared in papers throughout the State, saying that he has withdrawn from the Democratic race in favor of Congressman Stringer. Mr. White has denied the report and declares his position is still the same as when first announced.

Chicago School Board Changes. .

Mayor Harrison named six members of the Board on the 29th to fill the places of members retiring July 17. Three of the appointees, Harry A. Lipsky, Jacob W. Loeb and Mrs. John Mac-Mahon, succeed themselves. Joseph A. Holpuch, John W. Eckhart and Mrs. William E. Gallagher are new members. A strong effort was made by members of the women's clubs to secure the appointment of Mrs. George Bass, former president of the Chicago Woman's Club, and chairman on public affairs, in place of the seventh retiring member, Charles O. Sethness. But the Mayor on the 2d appointed Mrs. Charles O. Sethness to succeed her husband. Mr. Sethness opposed Mrs. Young's policies; Mrs. Sethness is in favor of them. [See current volume, page 468.]

Protest Against Segregation.

A mass meeting of colored people was held in Louisville on July 5 to protest against a segregation ordinance recently passed in the city. The principal address was by Dr. J. E. Springarn of New York, chairman of the Board of Directors of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. Dr. Springarn, in arguing against the logic of the claims that the ordinance does not discriminate because it forbids the mov-