

has he spoken in all parts of Great Britain, but he has contributed to the popular literature of the movement. As Special Commissioner for the Daily News (London) he has travelled the country inquiring into the abuses of landlordism on the great estates of England and Scotland. His articles have been published in pamphlet form and issued under the titles of Peer and Peasant and The Scottish Land Problem. He has also in co-operation with his friend, Mr. Chomley, published a more ambitious work entitled "Land Values Taxation," which deals with the question in all its broader aspects. On the question of Rural Land Reform Mr. Outhwaite is particularly enthusiastic. At the instance of the United Committee he carried on a special campaign among the villagers and rural workers in Wiltshire, where over 10,000 signatures have been obtained in support of a petition to the Chancellor of the Exchequer in favor of taxation and rating of land values. His enthusiasm is expressed in untiring efforts both on the platform and by his gifted pen. He is in the first rank of platform exponents of the cause for land values taxation, impressing and convincing his audiences with a courage born of deep conviction. The electors of the Hanley division, at least those of them who are for progress and reform, have in their Member of Parliament one of the ablest and most devoted leaders, a foremost standard-bearer of the new crusade which he has already done much to advance. In all his unselfish and brilliant work, and it has been at times uphill, Mr. Outhwaite has been encouraged and helped by his wife, who is at one with him in all his endeavors to hasten the solution of the land question.

JOSIAH C. WEDGWOOD, M.P.—Josiah C. Wedgwood is the Member of Parliament for Newcastle under Lyme, Staffordshire, which borders on the Division of Hanley now represented by R. L. Outhwaite. The Wedgwoods are a well known family in that district and Wedgwood pottery is famous far beyond it. Until recently Mr. Wedgwood was Chairman of the Land Values Group in Parliament and is still an active member both of it and the United Committee. His name is attached to several publications dealing with the question among which are "Real Land Reform," "Land Values—How and Why they Should be Taxed," "Henry George for Socialists," etc. He is the second son of Clement Francis Wedgwood, Master Potter of Etruria, and great-great grandson of the founder of that pottery. In 1895 he joined the Government service as a Naval Constructor at Portsmouth, having served an apprenticeship at the Elswick shipyard, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Northumberland.

Formerly he was a Fabian Socialist and is still deeply interested in labor troubles, and is often to be found fighting side by side with labor leaders when there is trouble about. Being a great lover of freedom he is often prominent in Parliament when the rights of individuals are invalidated by seemingly harsh official interference. He was one of those who protested against the imprisonment of men who had been indicted for publishing inflammatory literature in connection with the Syndicalist movement. These

men had asked soldiers "not to shoot" their comrades during trade disputes and this was deemed to be a great offence. Mr. Wedgwood himself knows something about soldiering. In 1899 he volunteered for service in South Africa and went out as Captain of the Elswick Battery. For his part in that war he earned medals for distinguished services. In 1902 he was appointed Resident Magistrate of the district of Ermelo (Transvaal). When the Local Administration was reorganized he used his influence to get local taxation based on unimproved value, but only succeeded in getting the local tax based on capital value—as in New York; instead of annual rental as in Great Britain. In 1904 Mr. Wedgwood returned to England, and was elected to Parliament in 1906, his majority being more than 2,000. His marriage took place in 1894, Mrs. Wedgwood being a daughter of the late Lord Bowen, a Lord of Appeal. Like Mr. Wedgwood she takes a prominent part in the social reform movement and gives up a lot of time to the advancement of the democratic cause.

HENRY GEORGE CHANCELLOR, M.P.—The very name of this gentleman is agreeable to the votary of Single Tax. All such people would have been elated if Henry George could have become Chancellor, but we in Britain have hopes of Lloyd George, (Chancellor) taking up our question with enthusiasm and seeing it carried forward a long way. Mr. H. G. Chancellor is a member of the land values group in Parliament. He is a life long abstainer, and has written pamphlets on religious and social questions. Connected with one great man by name he is connected with another by birth. He was born in 1863, on June 3rd, which was Richard Cobden's birthday. Educated at Elmfield college, York, he settled in London in 1883, and married in 1885. Between these dates he read Progress and Poverty, and became an enthusiastic disciple of Henry George. He joined the Liberal Association in Islington of which he has been chairman since 1895. In 1906 he contested a by-election for the Town Council of Islington, and was defeated. He met the same fate as a candidate for the London County Council, but at the two general elections in 1910 he successfully contested the Haggerston Division which gives him the higher honor of a Member of Parliament. It is unnecessary to add that land values was to the front on all these occasions. Mr. Chancellor was president of the English League in 1910-12 and he presided at the Henry George dinner on the last two occasions. His latest publication is entitled "How to Win," and contains references to the land question. He has so far spoken only once on the Land Values question in Parliament, but there are not often a great many opportunities for speech-making on any one question in the House of Commons. Work has to be done in quieter and less obtrusive ways, like the work of the land values group.

JAMES DUNDAS WHITE, LL.D., M. P.—Mr. James Dundas White is one of the leaders of the Land Values Movement. After considerable study